Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims

1. (Currently Amended) A <u>computer implemented</u> method of operating a boiler system having a plurality of stages which may be active or inactive at a given time, the stages having outputs, the method comprising:

performing a staging sequence to determine how many of the plurality of stages should be active;

modulating a first stage to operate at less than 100% of its output; and modulating a second stage to operate at less than 100% of its output; wherein the first and second stages are modulated while both stages are active.

- 2. (Currently Amended) The <u>computer implemented</u> method of claim 1 wherein each of the plurality of stages is an individual boiler, and wherein the step of performing a staging sequence determines how many individual boilers should be active.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The <u>computer implemented</u> method of claim 1 further comprising the step of performing a selecting sequence to determine which of the stages should be active.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The <u>computer implemented</u> method of claim 3 wherein the selecting sequence includes a first on/first off method.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The <u>computer implemented</u> method of claim 3 wherein the selecting sequence is adapted to equalize the time in which the stages are active.
- 6. (Original) A controller for a boiler system, the controller configured to perform the steps of claim 5.

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- 7. (Original) A controller for a boiler system, the controller configured to perform the steps of claim 1.
- 8. (Currently Amended) A <u>computer implemented</u> method of providing heat capacity in response to a heat load using a boiler system having a plurality of stages that may be active or inactive at a given time, the method comprising:

performing a staging sequence to determine which of the plurality of stages should be active or inactive, resulting in a number of determined active stages; and

activating the determined active stages, if any; and

when the determined active stages includes two or more of the plurality of stages, modulating the active stages while they are active.

- 9. (Currently Amended) The <u>computer implemented</u> method of claim 8 wherein the step of modulating the active stages includes modulating each active stage to substantially the same level of modulation.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The <u>computer implemented</u> method of claim 8 wherein the step of modulating the active stages includes sending a modulation signal to each of the active stages from a single controller.
- 11. (Original) A controller for a multi-boiler system, the controller configured to perform the steps of claim 8.
- 12. (Currently Amended) A <u>computer implemented</u> method of operating a boiler system having a plurality of stages which may be active or inactive at a given time, the method comprising <u>the steps of</u>:

performing, at a first interval, a staging sequence to determine how many of the stages should be active; and

performing, at a second interval shorter than the first interval, a modulating sequence to modulate the active stages.

13. (Currently Amended) The <u>computer implemented</u> method of claim 12 wherein the staging sequence includes a sub-method for making an inactive stage active and a sub-method for making an active stage inactive, wherein:

the sub-method for making an inactive stage active is disabled for a first time period after an inactive stage is made active;

the sub-method for making an active stage inactive is disabled for a second time period after an active stage is made inactive; and

the second time period is shorter than the first time period.

- 14. (Currently Amended) A controller for a boiler system, the controller configured to perform the steps sub-methods of claim 13.
- 15. (Currently Amended) The <u>computer implemented</u> method of claim 12 wherein the boiler system includes a number of separate boilers, wherein each boiler represents a stage.
- 16. (Original) A controller for a boiler system, the controller configured to perform the steps of claim 12.
- 17. (Currently Amended) A <u>computer implemented</u> method of controlling a multistage boiler system having a number of stages that can be either active or inactive, the method comprising <u>the steps of</u>:

determining whether to make an inactive stage active; and determining whether to make an active stage inactive; wherein: a first delay is provided after making an inactive stage active, a second delay is provided after making an active stage inactive, and the first delay is longer than the second delay.

18. (Currently Amended) A <u>computer implemented</u> method of staging and modulating a boiler system in response to a load comprising <u>the steps of</u>:

staging and modulating the system using a first control method that is adapted for achieving increased efficiency under a first set of conditions; and

staging and modulating the system using a second control method that is adapted to allow cycling of the stages under a second set of conditions.

- 19. (Currently Amended) The <u>computer implemented</u> method of claim 18 wherein at least one of the second set of conditions is that the load exceeds a threshold.
- 20. (Currently Amended) The <u>computer implemented</u> method of claim 18 wherein at least one of the second set of conditions is that the system has operated by staging and modulating using the first control method for a predetermined time period.
- 21. (Currently Amended) The <u>computer implemented</u> method of claim 18 wherein the first set of conditions includes non-occurrence of all of the second set of conditions.
- 22. (Currently Amended) The <u>computer implemented</u> method of claim 18 wherein at least one of the first control method [[or]] and the second control method includes:

performing, at a first interval, a staging sequence to determine how many of the stages should be active; and

performing, at a second interval shorter than the first interval, a modulating sequence to modulate the active stages.

23. (Currently Amended) The <u>computer implemented</u> method of claim 18 wherein at least one of the first control method and[[/or]] the second control method includes a sub-method for making an active stage inactive and a sub-method for making an inactive stage inactive, wherein:

the sub-method for making an inactive stage active is disabled for a first time period after an inactive stage is made active;

the sub-method for making an active stage inactive is disabled for a second time period after an active stage is made inactive; and

the second time period is shorter than the first time period.

24. (Currently Amended) A boiler system comprising: a controller configured to perform the method of claim 18; and a switch;

wherein the first set of conditions includes having the switch in a first configuration, and the second set of conditions includes having the switch in a second configuration, the switch adapted to allow a user to manually select one of the first configuration or the second configuration.

25. (Currently Amended) A <u>computer implemented</u> method of performing a staging sequence for a multi-stage boiler system in which at least one stage can be either active or inactive, the method comprising <u>the steps of</u>:

observing an error measured as a difference between a temperature and a setpoint; observing a rate of change of the error; and combining the error and the rate of change of error to determine whether: an inactive stage should become active; an active stage should become inactive; or no change in the number of active stages is necessary.

- 26. (Original) A controller for a boiler system, the controller configured to perform the method of claim 25.
- 27. (Currently Amended) A <u>computer implemented</u> method as in claim 1 wherein the steps of modulating a first stage to operate at less than 100% of its output and modulating a second stage to operate at less than 100% of its output are such that both the first and second stages operate at less than 100% of their respective outputs at the same time.